

ITEM: 09/107 Doc: 4

Meeting: Trust Board Date: 15 July 2009

Title: Dashboard Report

Executive Summary:

Clinical Quality

Avoidable mortality – Defined as "deaths from causes considered amenable to health care. Healthcare intervention includes preventing disease onset as well as treating disease". The rate in May is above the 2 per 1000 discharges target. Number of patients reflected in the rate is 11. The individual patients have been identified and the relevant clinical specialty lead has been asked to investigate and report to the Medical Director. A more formal system for the review of each case in future is being discussed with the Medical Director.

Patient Experience

There has been a 400% increase in the responses to the patient experience survey since the implementation of new electronic collection devices. As anticipated the results are starting to give a more accurate picture of patient perception and an ability to explore performance in detail for individual departments. Full roll out of the electronic devices will be completed by the beginning of September and until this time the results in the dashboard will be unstable. The presentation of the information relating to patient information will be reviewed and may change from September.

Access & Targets

There were no MRSA bacteraemia cases in June. The Trust is within its target performance and hence this KPI is now green rated for the first time on the dashboard.

The Trust's ED 4-hour target performance is red rated as performance was 96.28% in June with the year to date performance 97.44%. There are a number of contributory factors for slippage in performance and these include: clinical leadership, medical staffing shortfalls and patient attendance patterns. Action plans have been drawn up and are being implemented to address each of the factors to ensure performance returns to above 98%.

Strategy

There has been no change to market share performance. The Haringey nonelective market volume has decreased by 10% however the numbers being admitted to the Whittington is static and this is seen as a market share increase – it is not associated with additional income to the Trust.

As requested the maternity activity has now been included in the dashboard alongside the planned activity. It can be seen that following the opening of the midwifery led birthing unit the Trust has seen an increase in deliveries in June – this will need monitoring.

The Board is asked to review whether the focus on the implementation of the day treatment centre and the strategic redevelopment projects (which related to the development and implementation of a maternity business case and the development of the paediactric ED) should continue to be included in the domain report.



There has been a continued increase in the vacancy rate over the upper control limit and an exception report is attached at appendix 1. A data anomaly has been identified in the Trust's monitoring of sickness/absence which shows the Trust's performance to be at its target level. An exception report is attached at appendix 2 and the target is under review – the Board will be updated in September.

Revised targets for the DNA rate and LOS reduction are being finalised by the program boards and will be reported to Trust Board in September.

Finance

Many of the finance indicators are red rated. The finance report will present the detail of the financial performance for the Board under separate cover at today's meeting.

Action:

- The Board is asked to review Trust performance.
- The Board is asked to review whether the focus on the implementation of the day treatment centre and the strategic redevelopment projects should continue to be included in the domain report.

from: Fiona Elliott, Director of Plann		ing and Performance	
Compliance policy, guida	with statute, directions,	Reference:	
Lead: All direc	ctors		

Compliance with Healthcare Commission Core/Developmental Standards	Reference:
Lead: Director of Nursing & Clinical Development	





Month: June 2009



	Ratings	Annual h	ealth check	Ris	sk Ratings
External		Use of Resources	Quality of Service	Financial	Non-Financial
Assessments	Current	Good	Good	1.55	Green
	Predicted	Good	Good		Green

Current Period	G
Forecast Outturn	G
Adverse Incidents	G
Never Events	
SMR Mortality Rate	G
Avoidable Mortality	А
Readmission Rate	G

Current Period	G
Forecast Outturn	G
Net Promoter Score	G
Patients Survey Scores	G
Complaints	G
Hospital Cancellations	А
Cleanliness	G
Single Sex Accommodation	А

Current Period	А
Forecast Outturn	G
National Targets - Provider Agency	R
National Targets - Other	G
18 week Referral to Treatment (RTT)	G
Hospital Acquired Infections - MRSA	G
Hospital Acquired Infections - C. diff	G

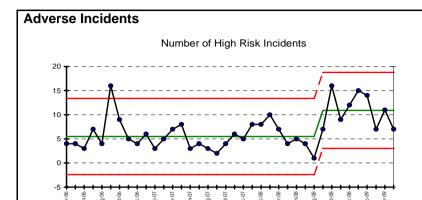
Strategy	
Day Treatment Centre	
Additional activity against plan	Α
Strategic Redevelopment Projects	
% Target progress to date	G
Market Share	
Market Share	
First Outpatient Activity	G
mantot enare	G
First Outpatient Activity	G G

O	
Current Period	P
Forecast Outturn	G
Length of Stay	A
DNA Rate	A
Surgical DC % Rate	A
Theatre utilisation	
OP Follow Up Ratio	G
Sickness Absence Rate	G
Turnover Rate	G
Vacancy Rate	R

Year to date Period		R
Forecast Outturn		R
	YTD	FC
Risk rating	R	R
I&E variance from plan	R	G
Actual I&E surplus/deficit	R	Α
Performance against income plan	R	R
Cost Improvement Plan	R	R
Cash position against plan	G	G
Underlying financial position		

Clinical Quality

note: refresh of Dr Fosters available for April 2009. Trust data refreshed to May 2009



Green: within normal SPC parameters AND benchmark is within national upper quartile

Amber: within normal SPC parameterAND benchmark is not above England

Red: lower control limit breach or run of 8 points below centre line (average)

source: Safeguard

Target is to increase incident reporting to be in the top quartile of national benchmark performance

Never Events

detail to follow

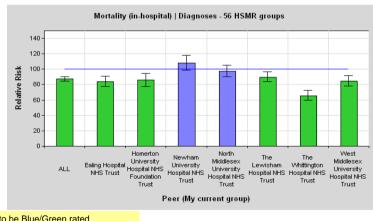
Overall Mortality Rate

Benchmark (Dr Fosters Intelligence/NHS Choices. Stardardised Mortality Rate, England, Annual) Standardised on total England data = 100, June 2007 - July 2008)

Trust	2008 SMR	Trust	2008 SMR
North West London Hospitals	71.9	Lewisham University Hospital	97.6
The Whittington Hospital	73.1	Barnet & Chase Farm Hospitals	97.6
Imperial Healthcare	73.2	Whipps Cross University Hospital	98.2
Guy's & St Thomas'	75.3	West Middlesex University Hospital	98.5
Royal Free Hospital	78.4	Homerton University Hospital	99.2
St George's Healthcare	78.9	Kings College Hospital	100.6
Cheslsea & Westminster	84.1	Mayday Healthcare	103.2
Barts & The London	84.4	Queen Elizabeth Hospital Woolwich	104.5
University College London Hospital	86.1	Dartford & Gravesham	105.8
Ealing Hospital	86.8	Barking Havering & Redbridge Hospitals	107.4
Bromley Hospitals	89.8	North Middlesex University Hospital	107.5
Kingston Hospital	93.0	Newham University Hospital	114.7
Hillingdon Hospital	94.2	Queen Mary's Sidcup	118.1
Epsom & St Helier Univeristy Hospital	97.1		

Target to be less than 100

Against a Peer Group of similar London hospitals - last 12 months (May 2008-April 2009)



target: to be Blue/Green rated

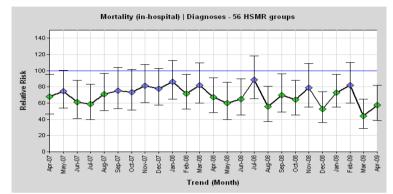
Clinical Quality

note: refresh of Dr Fosters available for April 2009. Trust data refreshed to May 2009

Mortality Rates (continued)

Mortality Rates over time

source: Dr Fosters

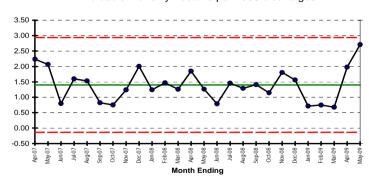


target: to be Blue/Green rated

Avoidable Mortality (up to April 2009)

Defined as "deaths from causes considered amenable to health care... Healthcare intervention includes preventing disease onset as well as treating disease." Selected diagnoses and age band (excludes over 75 year olds)

Avoidable Mortality - deaths per 1000 discharges



Target to be less than 2

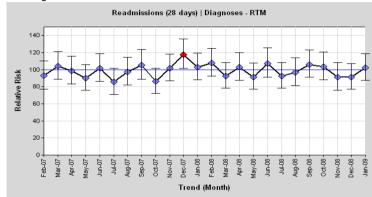
source: PAS data

Green: within normal SPC parameters AND less than the target Red: above target or run of 8 points above centre line (average)

Readmissions

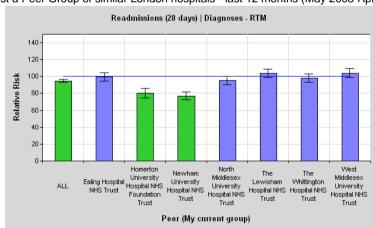
source: Dr Fosters - three month lag in data

Benchmark - trend over time Standardised against national data



target: to be Blue/Green rated

Against a Peer Group of similar London hospitals - last 12 months (May 2008-April 2009)



source: Dr Foster Intelligence. Relative Risk = index. Benchmark Year=2007/08

target: to be Blue/Green rated

Clinical Quality

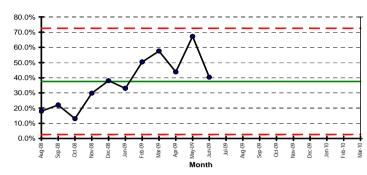
note: refresh of Dr Fosters available for April 2009. Trust data refreshed to May 2009

Patient Experience

Period: June 2009

Net Promoter Score

Net Promoter Score



source: internal Whittington surveys - target yet to be determined

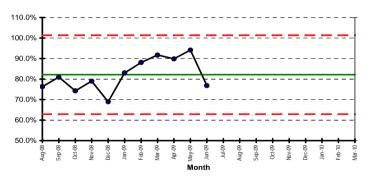
Green: within normal SPC parameter AND consistent progress to improvement target

Amber: within normal SPC parameters and no progress to target

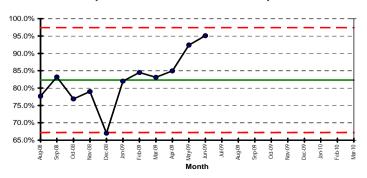
Red: lower control limit breach or run of 8 point below the centre line

Patient Survey

Overall how would you rate the care you received?

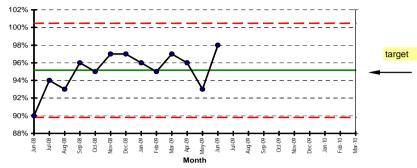


Were you involved in the decisions about your care?



Ward Cleanliness

Ward Cleanliness Score



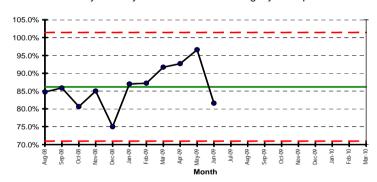
source: internal Whittington surveys (Maximiser)

Green: within normal SPC parameter AND consistent progress to target (95%)

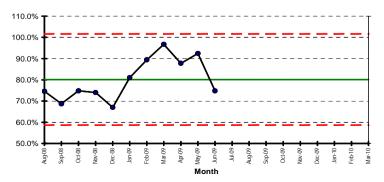
Amber: within normal SPC parameters and no progress to target

Red: lower control limit breach or run of 8 point below the centre line

Did you feel you were treated with dignity & respect?

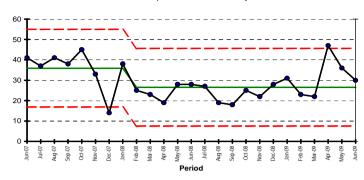


How clean was the hospital, room or ward you were in?



Complaints - numbers

Total Complaints Received by Month



source: Safeguard - reported quarterly

Green: within normal SPC parameter AND progress to downward step change

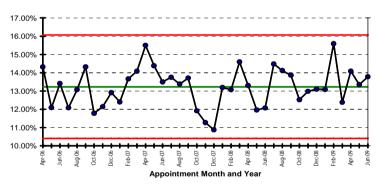
Amber: within normal SPC parameters and no progress to step change

Red: upper control limit breach or run of 8 point above the centre line

Hospital Cancellations

see Workforce & Efficiency section for DNA rates

Hospital Cancellation Rate - all appointments



source: PAS data

Green: within normal SPC parameter AND consistent progress to target (9.5%)

Amber: within normal SPC parameters and no progress to target Red: Upper control limit breach or run of 8 point above the centre line

Complaints - Dissatisfied

% Dissatisfied Complainants

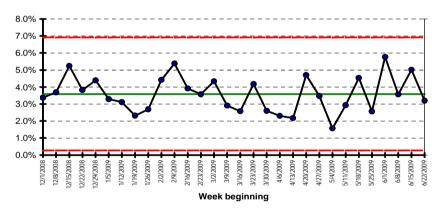
8% 11% 9% 10%

Single sex accommodation

Each patient counts as a breach for each day that the mixed sex breach occurs Total breach days as a Percentage of occupied bed days in week.

Data refreshed to June 2009

% mixed sex breaches



Source: Daily monitoring by bed managers

Green: within normal SPC parameter AND consistent progress to target

Amber: within normal SPC parameters and no progress to target

Red: upper control limit breach or run of 8 point above the centre line

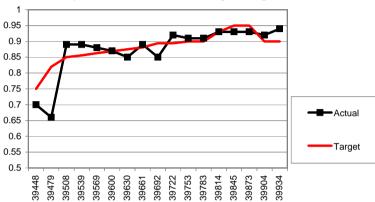
Target to have zero breaches in in patient areas other than critical care and ED

Priority Targets

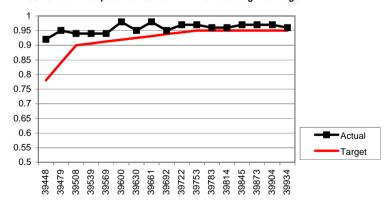
18 weeks Referral to Treatment (RTT) May 2009 one month delay in reporting

source: monthly 18 week report

% admitted patients treated within 18 weeks against target



% non-admitted patients treated within 18 weeks against target



Access and Targets

Healthcare Acquired Infections

Cummulative - - - - · PCT Trajectory

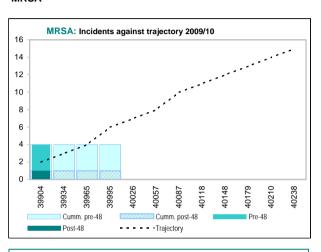
source: weekly Infection Control flash report (contains July data on a month to date basis)

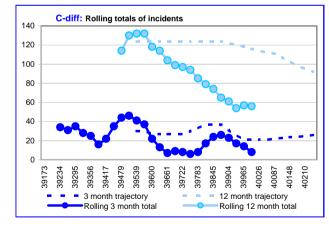
- - - - Sseasonal Trajectory

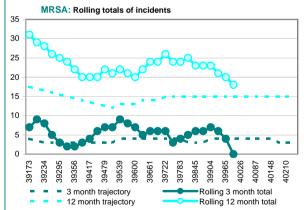
Clostridium difficile

C-diff: Incidents against trajectory 2009/10 100 80 60 40 20

MRSA

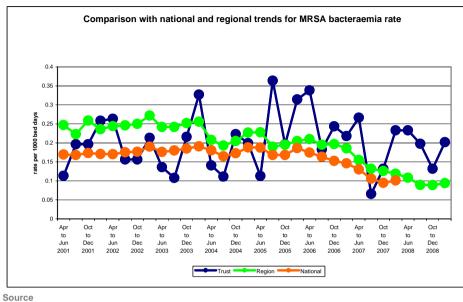


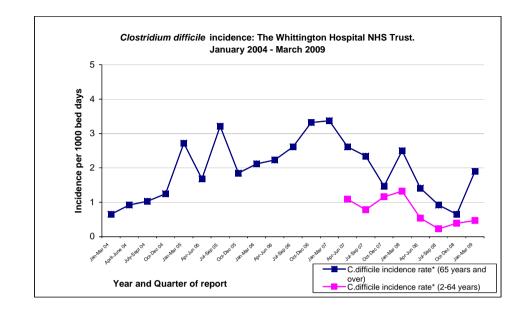




Access and Targets

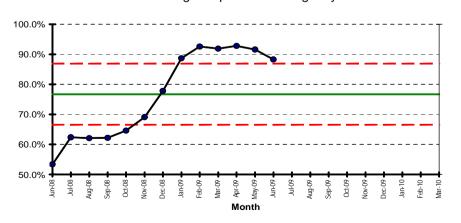
Infection Control: Cases per bed day



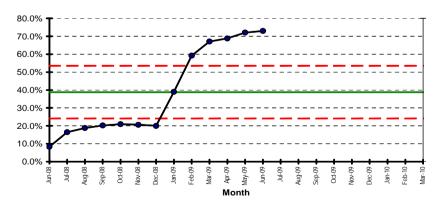


Health Protection Agency

MRSA screening compliance: Emergency Patients



MRSA screening compliance: Elective Surgical Patients

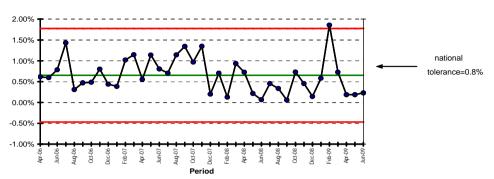


Data now includes day case sreening performance

Access and Targets

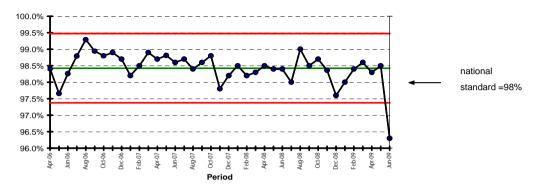
Cancelled Operations for non-clinical reasons

Elective cancellation rate



ED attendances: % treated within 4 hours

ED Waits - % within 4 hours



8

source: PAS data

Other national targets

source: EDIS data

National Target Indicators	- reviewed by Monitor &	Healthcare	Commiss	ion		National Target Indicators - reviewed by	y the Healthcare Comr	nission o	nly (annual	health ch	eck)
Standard	Criteria	Target	Jun-09	YTD	Forecast	Standard	Criteria	Target	Jun-09	YTD	Forecast
Reducing Mortality from Cancer			May			Supporting patient choice and booking					
Wait from urg GP Referral until Seen	% seen within 14 days		90%	n/a	n/a	Choice of dates offered for Outpatient Appointments	% of new referrals	100%	100%	100%	100%
Wait from Decision to Treat until 1st Treatment	% treated within 31 days		100%	n/a	n/a	Choice of dates offered for Elective Admission	% of decisions to treat	100%	100%	100%	100%
Wait from Decision to treat until 2nd Treatment	% treated within 31 days		100%	n/a	n/a	Emergency bed-days					
Wait from GP Urgent Referral until Treatment	% treated within 62 days		67%	n/a	n/a	Number of emergency bed-days		7500	7,502	7,502	-
Wait from Consultant upgrade until Treatment	% treated within 62 days		100%	n/a	n/a	% Change from last year			1%	1%	-
Wait from Screening Referral until Treatment	% treated within 62 days		100%	n/a	n/a	Drug misusers: information, screening and referr	Meeting 5 requirements	100%	100%		100%
Inpatients waiting over 26 weeks		0	0	0	0	Reducing inequalities in Infant Mortality					
GP referred Outpatient waiting over 13 weeks		0	0	0	0	Smoking in pregnancy at time of delivery	% of deliveries	<17%	9.7%	9.6%	8%
Ensuring patient right of redress following cand	celled operations					Rate of Breastfeeding at birth	% of deliveries	78%	91.1%	90.0%	90.0%
Operations cancelled for non-clinical reasons	% of elective admissions	<0.8%	0.23%	0.20%	<0.5%	Obesity: compliance with NICE guidance 43			100%		100%
Offers of new binding date	% within 28 days	95%	100%	100%	100%	Participation in audits			n/a		
Delayed transfers of care						Stroke Care	new indicator-to be confirmed	i			
Number of delayed bed-days			115	698	2,792	Data quality: ethnic coding	new indicator-to be confirmed	i			
% delayed patients as a % of all patients		<=3.5%	1.3%	3.0%	<3.5%	Data Quality: maternity data	new indicator-to be confirmed	i			
Reducing Mortality from Heart Disease											
Wait from GP Referral until Seen in RACP Clinic	% seen within 14 days	>98%	100%	96%	>98%	Diagnostic	Overall			Green	
Each national core standard	number of standards failed	0				Diagnostic Waits (non audiology)	% waiting within 13 weeks	100%	100%		
Cancer Waits:						13 weeks Breaches		0	0	0	0
New definitions and targets from Janu	ary 2009 onwards					Total diagnostic tests	% waiting within 6 weeks	-	100%		
No standards or targets yet published						Wait for MRI Scan appointment	% waiting within 6 weeks	-	100%		
						Wait for CT Scan appointment	% waiting within 6 weeks	-	100%		
						Wait for Ultrasound appointment (non-obstetric)	% waiting within 6 weeks	-	100%		
						All other diagnostic tests (non audiology)	% waiting within 6 weeks	-	100.0%		

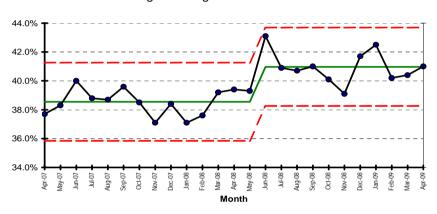
Strategy

Dr Fosters data refreshed to April 2009

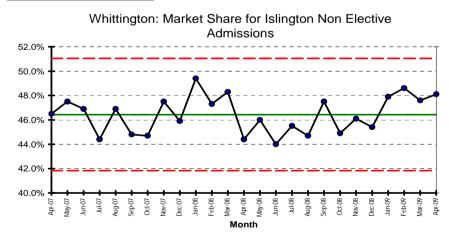
MARKET SHARE

First Outpatient Attendances

Whittington: Islington First OP Attendances



Non-Elective Admissions



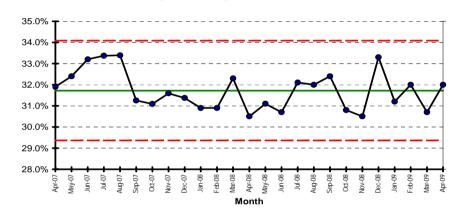
Performance Thresholds

Green: within normal SPC parameter AND consistent progress to target Amber: within normal SPC parameters and no progress to a target Red: lower control limit breach or run of 8 point below the centre line

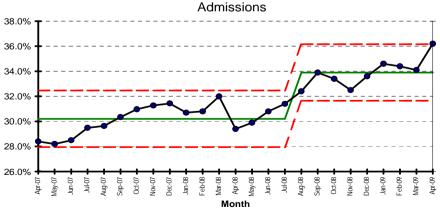
TARGET

1% increase in Market Share for all Activity Types by March 2009

Whittington: Haringey First OP Attendances



Whittington: Market Share for Haringey Non Elective

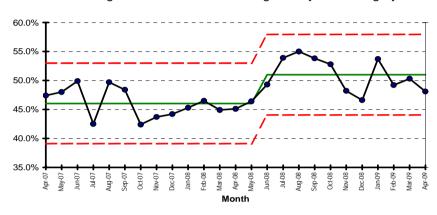


Strategy

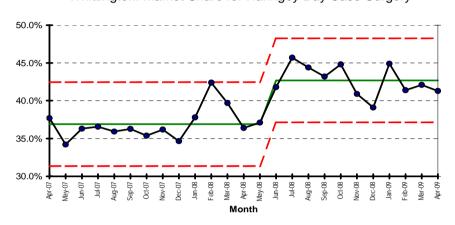
Day Case Surgery

(General Surgery, Orthopaedics, Urology, ENT, Gynaecology, Pain Management, Gastroenterology only)

Whittington: Market Share for Islington Day Case Surgery

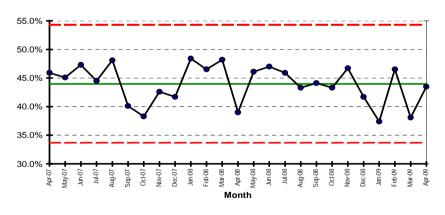


Whittington: Market Share for Haringey Day Case Surgery

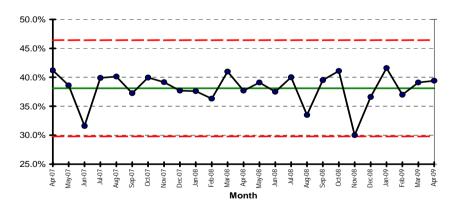


Maternity Deliveries

Whittington: Market Share for Islington Maternity Deliveries

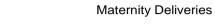


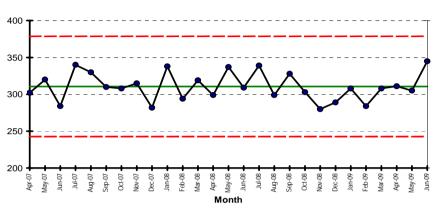
Whittington: Market Share for Haringey Maternity Deliveries

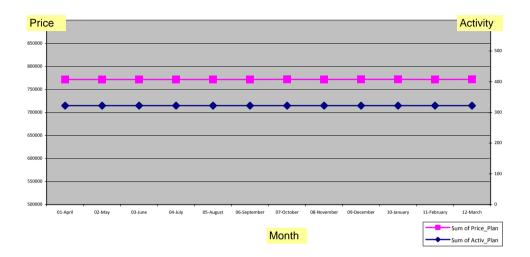


Strategy

Number of Maternity Deliveries

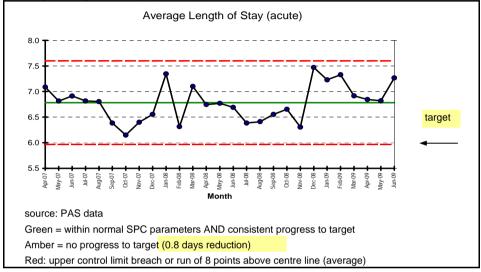




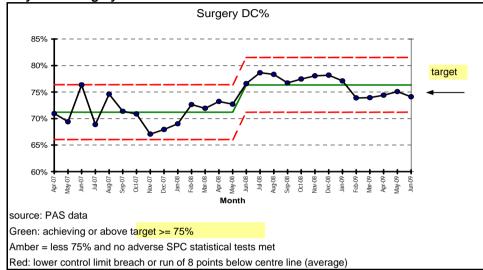


Period: June 2009

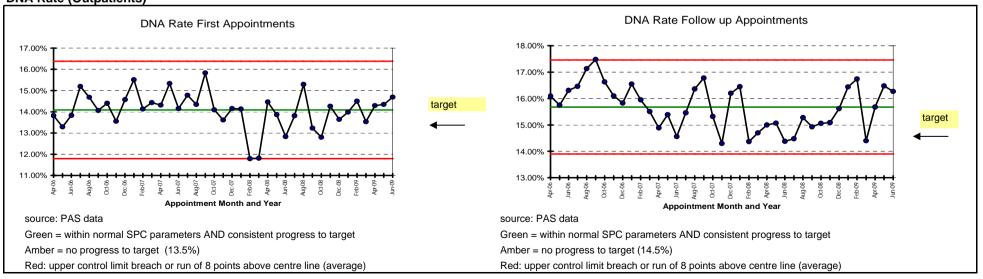
Average Length of Stay (acute specialties only)



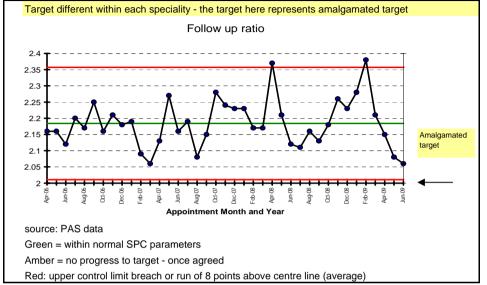
Day Case Surgery Rate



DNA Rate (Outpatients)



Outpatient Follow Up ratio

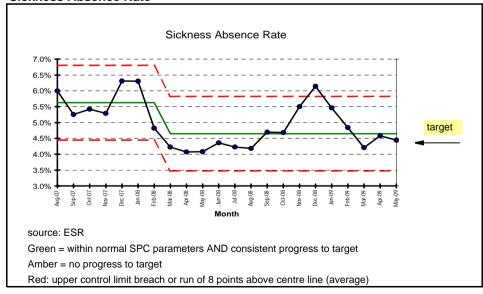


Theatre Utilisation

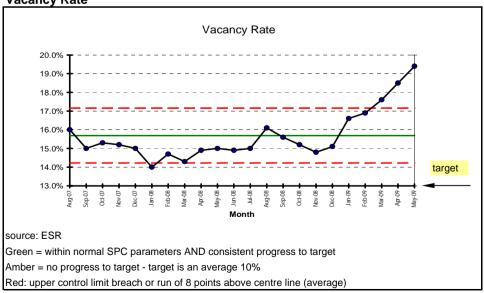
Not updated - data not available

New Theatre Management System being installed in 2009

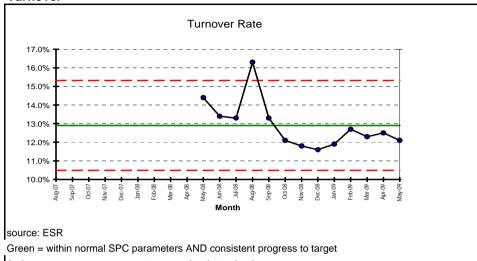
Sickness Absence Rate



Vacancy Rate



Turnover



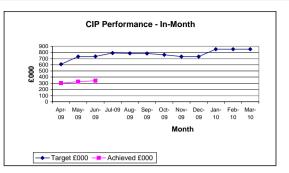
Amber = no progress to target - target to be determined

Red: upper control limit breach or run of 8 points above centre line (average)

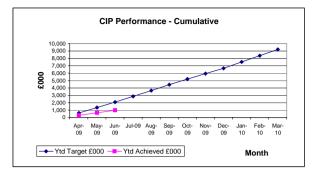
Appendix 1: Finance Charts detailing information included in dashboard

	Monthly Performance	Year To Date Performance	Full Year Forecast Performance		
Risk rating	N/A	Weighting Metric Description Metric Value Rating Weighted Value 10% EBITDA achieved (% of plan) 60.27% 2 0.20 25% EBITDA margin (%) 4.98% 2 0.50 20% Return on Assets (%) -0.52% 2 0.40 20% I&E surplus margin (%) -3.21% 1 0.20 25% Liquid ratio (days) -19.20 1 0.25 Overall rating 1.55 This is shown as RED in the dashboard as it is <= \$	Weighting Metric Description Metric Value Rating Value		
Overall Income & Expenditure	Overall I&E - In-Month Performance 600	Overall I&E - Cumulative Performance 200 200 400 800 1,200 1,400 1,600 Apr- May- Jun- Jul-09 Aug. Sep- Oct- Nov- Dec. Jan- Feb- Mar- 09 09 09 09 09 09 09 09 09 10 10 10 Cumulative I&E performance to June is a deficit of £1.4m against a planned surplus of £22k, giving an adverse variance of £1.4m to date. Within this, income is £140k above plan and expenditure is £1.5m above plan.	Overall I&E - Cumulative Performance Forecast (Likely Case) Comparison of the content of the		
rformance against t NHS Income Plan - 1 month lag	Performance against Internal Income Plan - In-Month 12,900 12,700 12,500 12,300 11,500 Apr- May- Jun- Jul-09 Aug- Sep- Oct- Nov- Dec- Jan- Feb- Mar- 09 09 09 09 09 09 09 09 09 10 10 10 10 Month May NHS clinical income was £815k below the Trust's planned level, reducing to £560k after adjusting for work in progress and known late data entry. This represented a £5k under-performance against SLAs.	Performance against Internal Income Plan - Cumulative 160,000 140,000 100,000 80,000 40,000 40,000 Apr- May- Jun- Jul- Aug- Sep- Oct- Nov- Dec- Jan- Feb- Mar- 09 09 09 09 09 09 09 09 10 10 10 Month	Internal Income Plan - Cumulative Performance Forecast (Likely Case) 160,000 120,000 100,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 Apr. May- Jun- Jul- Aug- Sep- Oct- Nov- Dec- Jan- Feb- Mar- Og 09 09 09 09 09 09 09 10 10 10 10 Month Plan Actual/Forecast Forecast performance against the Trust's income plan for the year is based upon income of or the remainder of the year, except for a £46k monthly underachievement against elective case activity plans.		

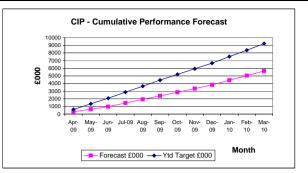




Validated achievement in June was £395k worse than planned, with the majority of this relating to large schemes such as outpatient productivity and income from HDU on wards.



Cumulative validated CIP is £1.1m worse than planned at the end of June.

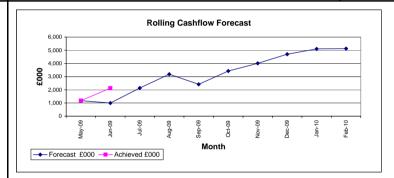


The current cumulative performance forecast assumes that current underachievement continues unless directors and managers have provided clear evidence that this is not the case. This is therefore close to the worst case.

Cash position against plan

In-Month position for Month 3 (June 2009)

The closing Balance at the end of March was £2.1m. This is higher than previously forecast due to PCT cash receipts earlier than forecast, and the need to keep cash for the first two weeks' payment runs in July. Over-performance cash relating to 2009/10 will start to be received from July onwards, leading to the projected rise in cash balance from August (when current creditor payments on hold will have been paid).



Exception report Sickness Absence Data – revised figures

Background

Monthly sickness absence data is received from the various departments across the Trust via an excel spreadsheet. This information is subsequently collated centrally using an access programme and this produces the percentage sickness rates for the Trust overall and for the individual directorates and departments.

The most recent sickness figures had seen an upward trend which was considered surprising in light of the major focus being placed on seeking to reduce absence rates and the apparent success of this approach with the trend in the early part of the calendar year being significantly downward.

This situation prompted some more detailed analysis which identified two issues affecting the accuracy of the figures being produced. Firstly that some of the departmental spreadsheets was being incorrectly completed and secondly that the access programme which calculated the sickness rates contained an error.

The main issue centred on the reporting of staff whose period of sickness included days when they would normally not be working. The sickness rate is calculated on the basis of the total number of sick days in the month against the total number of working days. On some of the excel spreadsheets it was apparent that sickness during off days had been recorded as sick days hence inflating the overall figure. In addition it became clear that even where the recording on the spreadsheets had been correct the access programme still included in the overall figures sickness during off days which further overstated the final number.

Revised Sickness Figures

The error with the access programme has been rectified and the sickness figures from August 2007 when the system was first utilised have been re-run and are attached. The original figures have been compared with the revised set and there is a demonstrable difference. Taking the overall average sickness rate from August 2007 the original figure was 5.8% compared with 5.0% once the data has been revised. As can be seen from the graph during certain periods the revised monthly figure has been below the average of 5.0% often being on or below the Trust target of 4.2%.

Furthermore with the May 2009 data further work was undertaken to amend the information where there had been incorrect recording of sickness during off days. As can be seen the differential between the original figure of 6.4% and the revised figure of 4.4% is substantial. Assuming that the incorrect recording has been an ongoing issue which sample checking appears to verify it can reasonably be expected that the revised figures are also an over estimation of the true picture by

Appendix 1

potentially as much as 1%. However without undertaking considerable work to amend previous data submissions it is difficult to provide an accurate figure.

Further Actions

Once the discrepancy in the figures became apparent a number of further actions have been initiated.

- The Director of Finance has requested that the internal auditors undertake an audit of the existing database system to ensure continued accuracy of output.
- 2. Discussions have taken place with the Payroll Manager to ascertain that the incorrect recording of and the amendment to data has not or will not affect any previous or future sickness payments. He has provided an assurance that any payments have or will not be affected.
- 3. Further guidelines have been distributed to managers and staff who complete the sickness spreadsheets detailing the correct recording method and providing an explanation for this approach.
- 4. The target for sickness/absence for the Trust will be reviewed to ensure progress is made towards greater efficiency.

Exception Report - Vacancy Rate Increase

The rise in the vacancy rate from the January 2009 onwards has been the result of two factors firstly an increase in the overall establishment figure and secondly a fall in the number of staff in post over the same period.

The initial rise in the vacancy rate in January 2009 was due largely to an increase in the establishment figure which was amended from 2459 wte previously to 2512 wte representing an additional 53 wte posts. There was a further rise in the establishment figure as at April this year with a further 34 posts being added taking the current establishment to 2546 wte. This latter revision was primarily the reason for the significant increase in the vacancy rate during April.

During the same period there has also been a steady fall in the number of staff in post. At the beginning of the calendar year some 2100 wte staff were employed which by the end of May was reduced to 2051 wte. In particular during May there was a net loss of 23 wte staff in particular within the qualified nurses and clerical staff groups which had a further detrimental on the vacancy rate.

The more up to date picture shows that recruitment has picked up during June with at month end a net increase of 16 wte staff resulting in a fall in the vacancy rate to 18.8%. It is anticipated that further increases in staffing levels will continue in the forthcoming months.